NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1903.—Copyright, 1903, by The Sun Printing and Publishing Association.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

STEAMER FOUNDERS; 17 LOST.

TRAMP MEXICANO SUNK OFF HATTERAS-SEVEN SAVED.

were Picked Up Clinging to Wreckage -One Heard Shots as the Steamer Went Down-Thinks Some Officers Took Beath That Way-Story of the Wreck.

The British tramp steamer Mexicano. under charter to the Standard Oil Company and bound from Philadelphia for Vera Cruz with a cargo of petroleum, went down on Tuesday night off Cape Hatteras in the storm which passed over here on Wed-

Of her crew of twenty-four men, six were picked up clinging to pieces of wreckage by the steamer Vidar which arrived at Quarantine last night from Caibarien. One other survivor, a Spanish seaman, was saved by the steamer Roxby and reached Norfolk, Va., yesterday. The other seveneen are believed to have been lost.

The Mexicano left Philadelphia on Monday. On Tuesday night she met the hurricane and the waves began to roll over her. Capt. King had a large amount of the oil thrown in the water. It had no effect on the waves. They mounted higher and higher till they rolled into the funnel and put out the fires in the furnaces, so that the essel was helpless.

The Mexicano rolled violently. Seeing that she was going down, Capt. King called the men about him, instructed them to put on life preservers and save themselves. The boats had been smashed and there was nothing of which to make a raft.

In a few minutes more the Mexicano's bow was lifted by a great wave. Then,

stern first, she went to the bottom. The vessel sank about forty miles off Cape Hatteras. There were two other steamers fighting the storm in the neighborhood. The Rothby, Capt. Shields, bound for Hamburg with a cargo of phosphate from Florida ports, picked up Domingo Veraljobre, seaman, at 10:30 o'clock the next morning. He was astride a piece of the bridge and lashed to it.

Capt. Shields saw the man waving his arm as a signal, stopped his vessel and sent out a boat to rescue him. He was landed at Norfolk by the Rothby yesterday and the British Consul sent him to Philadelphia.

In a statement made before the British Consul, the sailor said that when the Mexicano sank he went into the water with the rest of the crew. As soon as he came up he swam for the maelstrom of the sinking vessel and caught a piece of the bridge which had floated from the wreck.

He had a length of rope and lashed himself to the wreckage, thus saving himself. The third engineer got on the same piece of wreckage, but was unable to keep his place, and after a terrible struggle, he gave way and was lost.

That was about midnight. The sailor held on till 10:30 the next morning. His legs are deeply cut with ropes and the w reckage to which he was bound. It will have been impossible for him to ride astride of the wreck, he said, except for the rope which held him against the raging

A thrilling story of the rescue of the other six of the crew was told by Capt. Sorrensen of the Vidar when she arrived at Quarantine

last night. vesterday morning," said the captain, when I heard a cry. Thinking some one was fooling on the steamer, I went out on the bridge to investigate. When I reached the bridge I heard the cry again.

"The sound seemed to come from the ocean, but I could not see any one. I ordered a boat got ready and when I heard the cry a third time I saw something in the water like a small log about half a mile off. Bringing my glass into play I found it to be a small hatch with a man in oilskins stretched full length on it.

"I steered for the man and rescued him. He was completely exhausted and had to be hauled aboard the boat. He was unable to say a word, and thinking there were no more, as I could see no wreckage, I started

We had gone about a mile when I saw everal objects in the water which I could not plainly make out. Upon going closer I found five more men clinging to pieces of wreckage. I had the boat lowered again

and picked them up. "They were exhausted and one was nearly crazy. My men had to hold him in the lifeboat, for he was determined to jump into the sea. There was another steamer some distance off and I could see that they had a lifeboat out, but I could not distin-

guish her name." One of the survivors, August Osterlind, a Finn, told this story of the ship's loss: "About 4 o'clock on Tuesday we encount ered a severe hurricane blowing from the northeast. About 12 o'clock it shifted to northwest and blew with tremendous force. A heavy sea swept the steamer from stem

to stern, carrying away the lifeboats and ventilators, flooding the engine room and putting out the fires. The steamer became unmanageable, and was soon in the trough of the sea. She rolled about for a little over an hour. Then she sank, stern first. We men in the forecastle were called out and told to be ready

to save ourselves the best way we could when the steamer went down. "The boatswain refused to leave his bunk He said if he had to die he'd rather die in his bunk than in the sea Two firemen re fused to leave the stoke room, preferring to take a chance on the steamer standing

out the storm. "We were on the bridge with the officers and jumped overboard just as the steamer went down. Just before I jumped I heard two pistol shots. I think some of the officers shot themselves, preferring that

death to drowning. "We drifted about for several hours doing our best to keep together, but when daylight came there were but seven of us together. The second mate was about exhausted. He took off his life buoy, gave it to one of the sailols, said good-by

to all of us and went down. "We had about given up hope, too, when we sighted the Vidar. We thought they did not see us and we all yelled as loudly as possible. You can imagine how glad we were to see a lifeboat put out for us."

The six survivors brought by the Vidar to Quarantine are: August Osterlind, sailor: Quarantine are: August Osterlind, sailor; Simon Baderea, sailor; Leonidas Korpedes, fireman; Soppe Poeb, fireman; Ros Clemen-tine of Manila, sailor; Juan Fontis, fireman. Of the fate of Captain King and his officers none of the survivors could tell any news.

The Mexicano was a steel screw steamer of 1.973 tons register. She was rebuilt in 1893 by J. Laing of Sunderland and was owned by the King Line, Limited, of which Phillips & Phillips of Sunderland are agents. She was \$70 feet long and 38 feet beam. She was under charter to the Standard Oil Company. Standard Oil Company.

SLIGHT DAMAGE TO CORN. Frost's Nip Not Serious, Except in Nebrasks

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.-Jack Frost's snarl has been worse than his bite in the corn belt so far, and the reports received indicate that the crop has escaped temporarily the serious damage expected. Nebraska is the only corn growing State which experienced a really hard frost last night, and in some parts of that State cloudy weather took the sting out of the air. Cloudy weather saved Illinois from a frost, according to Forecaster Walz.

-Danger Not Over.

The conditions to-day, however, were more favorable for a sharp frost to-night, as it is clear. Frost is predicted also for Minnesota, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska and North and South Dakota. Missouri is to have a touch of frost, too, as will Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin.

While there are some traders on the Board of Trade who argue that the corn crop has been damaged seriously, most of the brokers in touch with the situation hold that the injury has been exaggerated. Closing prices for corn show a decline of from % to % cent for the day.

B. W. Snow, a crop statistician, formerly in the service of the Department of Agriculture, who lately returned from a visit in the corn belts and the wheat lands as far north as the Saskatchewan River Valley in the Canadian Northwest, said: "Forty per cent. of the corn, 35,000,000

acres, is out of danger of frost. Of the 65,000,000 acres between Ohio and Kansas, more or less susceptible, probably 20 per cent. of the corn is late enough to be seriously affected. The loss (actual) would still leave a crop a little short of 2,000,000,000 bushels, but with a heavy percentage of poor quality.'

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 17.-The temperature to-day rose, and it is probable that the frost, if it occurs to-night, will not be heavy. Northern Kansas was visited by frost last night, and some damage was done to corn. A rising temperature over the central and eastern parts of Kansas prevented a killing

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 17.-Light frosts were reported from all parts of the State last night, but in most places little damage was done. Bulletins indicate a heavy frost to-night. For two or three nights the temperature has been low enough for heavy frosts, but blankets of clouds or the winds have prevented the frost from forming.

CHICAGO'S \$27,000 AFLOAT. Was Thrown Into Bay When Launch Was

Swamped, but Bueys Kept It Up.

Steam launch No. 1 of the United States cruiser Chicago went from Tompkinsville landing in the storm on Wednesday with the ship's paymaster and a chest containing

The chest was buoyed and had a line attached, according to regulations. A sea swooped over the launch and carried away the smokestack. The launch became unmanageable and was swamped. All hands swam around or clung to the craft until rescued by the lighthouse tender Daisy, which put out from Tomphiusville, and launch No. 2 of the Chicago, whose men saw their shipmates' plight.

The chest also was picked up, and the Chicago's crew got all their pay. Then the ship sailed for Norfolk.

Allenating Her Husband's Affections. WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 17 .- The second demurrer to plaintiff's complaint was to-day served in the case of Deborah M. Rafferty against John H. Hayden, a wealthy New Yorker. The action is brought to recover \$25,000 for alienation of her husband's

Mrs. Rafferty was formerly a photographer at Alexandria Bay and two years age was wooed and won by George B. Rafferty, son of Gilbert T. Rafferty, the coke king. The marriage was opposed by Rafferty's parents. The plaintiff alleges that Hayden and Gilbert T. Rafferty entered into a conspiracy to separate her and her husband and that they succeeded.

One of the allegations of the complaint is that the defendant said that Gilbert T is that the detendant said that Gibert I. Rafferty offered him \$15,000 if he would cause the separation. It is further alleged that Hayden got her drunk and paraded her through the streets of Alexandria Bay and took indecent liberties with her, as

well as assaulted her. Recently a demurrer to the complaint was made on the ground that it did not contain facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action, which was sustained and an amended complaint served. This has been demurred to on the ground that two actions, the lienation of the husband's affections and assault, are improperly united. nurrer will be argued as soon as possible

HAZING AT ANNAPOLIS. Group of Fifteen Upper Class Men Making

Life Hard for the Youngsters. ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 17.—The investigaion into the hazing of Midshipman Richard S. Galloway has given official recognition to the fact, which is commonly known here,

that hazing is still going on at the Naval Academy. The midshipmen deny strenuously that there is any hazing, but that is simply because they have changed the name of the practice to "running." As a matter of fact, hazing in an extremely severe form is going on, and it has driven several fourth class men to the hospital. It consists chiefly of the use of insulting and profane language to the under class men and compelling them by threats to undergo continuous physical exercises until exhausted. It is this latter practice which

is sending the boys to sick quarters. The hazers are about fifteen midshipmen of the three upper classes, who are deficient in studies and compelled to forego the regular holiday. So strong is academic custom that this handful of the dull men of the upper classes is hazing the 315 youths

who compose the entering class.

The officers are trying to stir the youngsters to a manly resistance to such imposition.

CALLED OUT AND SHOT. Man in Virginia and One in North Carolina Killed by Enemies.

SUFFOLK, Va., Sept. 17.—Peter Odom, white man, 38 years old, was called out of his house near Newcombs, Va., early this morning and shot to death almost in the presence of his wife. There is suspicion attached to two persons, one a resident of Southampton county, Va., and the other a man who recently got out of the North Carolina State Prison, where he was sent on Carolina State Prison, where he was seen on the charge of shooting Odom six years ago.

Ralbigh, N. C., Sopt. 17.—Russell Sherrim, aged 22, was called to the door of his mother's home in Rowan country early this morning and was shot to death by Calvin and Thomas White, business men of Concord.

Thomas White, business men went to Salisabeth and the country the men went to Salisabeth and the country the men went to Salisabeth and the country the salisabeth and the country the salisabeth and the country the salisabeth and the country to Salisabeth and the country the country to the country to Salisabeth and the country to the count After the shooting the men went to Salisbury, surrendered to the Sheriff and are now in jail. Before the shooting the Whites demanded that Sherrim marry their niece, but he refused, saying he would die first.

The various one-day excursions offered by the Hudson River Day Line are very enjoyable. Ade.

M'CLELLAN AND COLER, MAYBE.

TICKET THAT WILL APPEASE M'LAUGHLIN AND SULLIVANS.

Coler Is Open to An Engagement, Be ing at Present Divorced From Business That Engaged Him-Tammany May Put Up Cakley for Sheriff.

For some little time there have been certain differences in Tammany Hall Leader Murphy has desired very much to nominate his friend George B. McClellan for Mayor. Mr. Murphy's friends Big Tim Sullivan and Little Tim Sullivan have agreed with Mr. Murphy that Mr. McClellan is the right man to nominate for Mayor. At the same time Big Tim Sullivan has been very friendly to Bird S.

Sometimes it has been said that Big Tim and Little Tim would like to nominate Mr. Coler for Mayor in place of Mr. McClellan. but Big Tim and Little Tim said yesterday that there was no truth in that story. At Saratoga this summer the friends of Big Tim and Little Tim said that Coler was the

man to nominate. Yesterday Leader Murphy had talks with his friends at his home. He had been assured by the majority of the leaders of Tammany that Mr. McClellan was the man to nominate for Mayor, and yet Mr. Murphy seemed to be a little timid about forcing his position in this matter.

He knew that Big Tim and Little Tim favored Coler for some place, and he knew all about Mr. McLaughlin's objections to Mr. McClellan as head of the ticket; and he knew also that Coler in the Gubernatorial fight last year carried Brooklyn by 26,000, the same plurality by which Edward M. Shepard lost Brooklyn in the Mayoralty fight against Low in 1901.

But all this matter did not trouble Mr. Murphy, it was said, for the reason that he is convinced that Mr. McClellan should nominated for Mayor, and that Big Tim and Little Tim should be content, if such is their disposition, to name Coler for Comptroller on the Democratic city

This matter brings up the serious difference between Mr. Murphy and Big Tim and Little Tim as to the control of Tammany and Little Tim as to the control of Tammany Hall, and from the present outlook Mr. Murphy in order to secure his candidate for Mayor, Mr. McClellan, has given way to Big Tim and Little Tim in the matter of the Comptroller; and Big Tim and Little Tim for a number of years have been ready to back Bird S. Coler for any office, President, Governor, Mayor or Coroner.

Mr. Coler is now out of a job. He has been a wanderer since the Guardian Trust Company dispensed with his services, and marches up and down the streets of the East Side and becomes a little qualmish on the Sullivan parades and Hell Gate picnics; but still his heart is true to Big Tim and Little Tim.

When Mr. Murphy went alone to Mr.

Tim and Little Tim.

When Mr. Murphy went alone to Mr. McLaughlin's house, in Brooklyn, on Wednesday night, it was to consult with him about putting Mr. Coler on the ticket. He found that Mr. McLaughlin is as devoted as ever to Mr. Coler's interests, and was eager to name him for Comptroller as the next best thing to the Mayor.

Mr. Murphy was not at Tammany Hall yesterday, nor at the Democratic Club, nor at the Anawanda Club; but spent the whole afternoon at his home, where James Shevlin called on him, bringing a further expression of Mr. McLaughlin's views about the ticket.

summer place at Greenwich, Conn., when he had finished at his office. Early in the day he said that he wasn't seeking any

nomination, but admitted that he meant to be active in the campaign.

In taking Coler for Comptroller, Leader Murphy would satisfy the Sullivans and Mr. McLaughlin, and he argues that Coler and Mr. McLaughlin, a Mr. McLaughlin, amil make against Grout will make against in Brooklyn.

Mr. Coler make a merry oklyn. He has an idea that Mr. Coler will be aimost as strong in Brooklyn as he was last year running for Governor, and the Sullivans have promised that the territory in Manhattan from Fourteenth street to the Battery shall cast as big a Coler vote

as it did in 1902.

It is probable that neither James Shevlin nor Senator Patrick H. McCarren, who are the leading members of Mr. McLaughlin's cabinet, knew anything about Mr. Murphy's trip to Brooklyn on Wednesday night until they read it in THE Sun yesterday morning. Mr. McLaughlin was surprised when he reached the auriton rooms waterday reached the auction rooms, yesterday morning, to find that his companion, Mr. Murphy, was the special topic of discussion among the early visitors. To all inquiries during the day as to what the long talk was about and what results had been reached, Mr. McLaughlin made the same "I refuse to talk about the matter

Mr. McLaughlin's lieutenants, however, all averred that the confab had not the effect of allaying the aged leader's opposition to the nomination of George B. McClellan for Mayor or in any way chang-ing his views on the Mayoralty situation At the same time most of them were con date and that Mr. McLaughlin, finding that he could not prevent it, would insist on the nomination of Bird S. Coler for Comp-

Mr. McLaughlin's continued adherence to the political fortunes of Coler is not shared by Mr. Shevlin. Senator McCarren and several other district leaders who dislike the ex-Comptroller on personal grounds but they will not push the fight against

him in the open.

The Tammany candidate for Sheriff, i was said last night, would be either John T. Oakley or John F. Ahearn, with the chances favoring Oakley, who spent a vast amount of money in his unsuccessful campaign two

and Borough President Swanstrom to the fusion cause, and their announcements yesterday that they would accept renominations, had the effect of increasing the apprehension of Mr. McLaughlin and his lieutenants in Brooklyn that they would have a hard job to elect their county ticket. Although the only nomination so far practically decided on is that of District Attorney John F. Clarke for his present office, there will probably be these candidates for the other places on the ticket: Borough President, Arthur S. Somers or ex-Judge Hurd; Register, James J. Kerwin; County Clerk, Conrad Hasenflug; Sheriff, James Bouck or A. E. Klinert.

The firm adherence of Comptroller Grout

CALLED GEN. GREENE A LIAR Assemblyman Conkling Uses Fighting Talk at the Primary.

When Police Commissioner Greene went o the primary voting place at 434 Fourth evenue on Tuesday, Assemblyman Howard Conkling stepped up to him and said: "General, why did you change your mind?" thought you promised me not to vote. Assemblyman Conkling was supporting the Birrell ticket while Gen. Greene, it was presumed, had come to vote the Parsons

"I didn't promise you that," said Gen. "Do you mean to call me a liar?" asked the Assemblyman. "You are a damn

Gen. Greene grew very white, but made no reply. He voted and hurried away. Burnett's Extract of Vanilla

FEAR TO TELL SUICIDE'S WIDOW. Four Men Spend the Evening in the Hall of Tenner's Apartments.

Sigmund Tenner, who runs the New York Portrait Co.. 46 Great Jones street, was found dead last night in a room on the fifth floor of the Bartholdi Hotel. He had shot himself while sitting on a chair in front of the mirror. A glass containing carbolic acid was on the bureau. Near this was a bottle of the acid, which had been bought at a Sixth

avenue department store. According to the hotel folks, the man arrived there on Wednesday afternoon and registered as F. Gottlieb. He had a satchel which was found to contain a change of

underclothing.

Coroner Scholer found on the body \$61.57 some letterheads of the New York Portrait Company bearing Tenner's name. He had a gold watch with the initials "S. T.," also a wedding ring with this inscription: "A. K. B. and S. T., May 14, 1893." The body was taken to an undertaker's at 406 Third avenue.

Tenner lived in an apartment house at 78 West Eighty-fifth street. His wife was waiting for him to come home for dinner last night when a telephone message announced his suicide.

A woman friend took the message and instead of telling Mrs. Tenner went out and got three male friends of the family. None of the four could muster up enough courage to tell the widow, and remained all the evening in the hall to prevent any one else from breaking the news, while Mrs. Tenner waited inside the apartment with the dinner table set for two. None of them at midnight had broken the news.

One of the men, who refused to give his name, said that they would wait until morning. According to this man, who said he was a friend of Tenner, the latter had no business troubles and was apparently in good health.

AIRSHIP HIT BY HURRICANE. The Crew in the Boat Containing It Nearly 24 Hours Without Food or Water.

WIDE WATER, Va., Sept. 17.-Hunger and thirst have been added to the terrors of the attempt to subjugate the upper air by Prof. Langley's airship crew. The tail end of the big hurricane flipped across the Potomac's bosom last night, raising monstrous waves and threatening to dash the Buzzard and its fragile freight against the shore. Prof. Manley went with his crew on board the Buzzard last night and remained aboard, in order to get an early start this morning. The storm came up and tossed them about like a cork. A big 1,200-pound emergency anchor was thrown out, and it fortunately held the Buzzard

in place. The airship workmen and Prof. Manley were kept on the boat all day to-day, and no help reached them until afternoon. They were without food and water. The storm continued this morning with sufficient violence to make the river choppy and dangerous for small craft The tender D. M. Key, at Quantico, dared not breast the roaring Potomac until nearly noon.

A small steam launch which is used to carry the airship crew to and from Clifton Beach was driven up the river out of reach. The houseboat tugged at its big anchor and threatened to follow the launch. Finally, MRS. RAFFERTY'S \$25,000 SUIT. It was well understood in Tammany circles last night that Mr. Coler was to go on the ticket. Mr. Coler went to his undaunted, but the workmen were on the verge of mutiny.

SALVATIONISTS GREETED.

The So-Called Lawless Element in Kentucky Attends Holz's Meetings.

JACKSON, Ky., Sept. 17 .- The band of Salvation Army workers under the leadership of Col. Holz of Cleveland, which is making a trip through the mountain districts of Kentucky, Virginia and Tennessee held two rousing open air meetings here to-day in front of the court house where J. B. Marcum was killed and from a window of which the town marshal, Jim Cockey, was assassinated.

The meetings, which have been going on for three days, have been largely attended and many converts have been made. Col. Holz is highly pleased at the reception given to the Salvation Army, and it is his intention to establish a permanent barracks here after the present trip is over. The last rally was held to-night in the

Methodist Church and several women made an earnest appeal to Col. Holz to leave some of the workers here at this time to carry on the work. The army will leave early to-morrow morning for Salyersville, twenty-five miles away, over a rough mountain road. Several stops will be made at which talks will be given to the women and children at their homes.

During the stay of the army in Jackson not a shot has been fired and all the meetings have been attended by the so-called awless element, who never attend church. Several of them seemed to be greatly impressed by the pleadings of the Salvation-

ACTRESS BURNED ON THE STAGE Nellie McHenry's Dress Catches Fire—Actor Hurt in Saving Her.

While standing on the roof of a burning cabin in the third act of "M'Liss," at the Bijou Theatre in Jersey City last night. Nellie McHenry switched her skirts over the blaze and her dress ignited. The flames spread quickly up her back and the audience

pecame frightened M. E. Heisey, a member of the company, put out the blaze with his hands. His right hand was severely burned. Miss McHenry's hips were scorched, but she was not seri-

LOST \$1,880 AND JEWELS. Mrs. Jackson Bropped Purse Containing Money and Seven Rings Worth \$2,000.

The Tenderloin police were looking last night for a purse containing \$1,880 in cash and seven rings worth more than \$2,000 which was dropped somewhere in Sixth avenue, near Twenty-fourth street. The purse belonged to Mrs. W. E. Jack-

son, whose husband is connected with the American Specialty Company. The Jacksons live at 37 West Twenty-fourth street According to Mrs. Jackson the money and jewelry had been in a safe deposit vault until Wednesday, when they gave up the box. It was their intention to de-

posit the money to-day in a bank. Yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Jackson told the police, she left her home to visit a friend. Before going out she put the buckskin purse in a silver chatelaine bag and carried this in her hand. Over her arm she carried a silk coat. She had just turned down Sixth avenue from Twenty-fourth street when a man stepped up and told her that the bag was open. Then Mrs. Jackson discovered that the purse was gone.

10.000 REPORTED MASSACRED.

BULGARIA HEARS AWFUL NEWS FROM KASTORIA.

Foreign Office at Sofia Informed That Turks Have Slain All Inhabitants of Macedonian City-Government Urged to Mobilize the Entire Army.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Soria, Sept. 17.-The Foreign Office has eceived from a source on which it can rely a report that the Turks have destroyed

which numbered about ten thousand. The news has caused the utmost concern in official quarters, nothing on such a terrible scale having heretofore occurred in Macedonia.

No details of the affair have been received, and it will not be contrary to experience if the present report proves to be considerably exaggerated. The people here are greatly excited over

the report and do not doubt its accuracy. The newspapers Dnevnik and Otsiv urge the Government to mobilize the whole army immediately. Reports of pillage and murder reach

Uskub from Macedonian sources daily. The calling out of the Turkish reserves and militia has made matters worse. It is stated toat the Austrian and Russian Consuls are vainly trying to check the out-

Among the latest reports from Monastir is one that Turkish soldiers murdered a Bulgarian priest and all his relatives, some thirty-five persons in all. They also pillaged and burned a Bulgarian monastery near Slivnitza.

LONDON SAW HIM FLY. Spencer's Airship Sails Well in Its Trial,

but Won't Steer. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, Sept. 17.-Many thousands of nomegoing business men stopped in the streets this afternoon and the roofs of buildings were crowded with spectators watching he long projected attempt of Spencer, the aeronaut, to sail his airship from the Crystal Palace in Sydenham around St. Paul's Cathedral and over miles of the densely built part of South London.

He started at 3:30 from the roof of an office building. His airship is a great cigarshaped vessel of yellow silk, with a pendent car containing a propeller.

Spencer's movements were easily visible to the crowd below. He started in a southwest breeze and at 6 o'clock the wind seemed to be drawing him rapidly to the northward. The airship, however, at times rose to such a great height that the position, relatively, of St. Paul's or any other landmark could hardly be ascertained.

It could be seen that when he was high above the city the aeronaut was trying to turn the vessel, but although he succeeded in deflecting somewhat from the direct course which he had taken in obedience to the wind, he failed in the principal manceuvre

The machine would not cross the wind or sail against it, and druted away mercy of the breeze like an ordinary balloon. It was soon lost to sight, but finally descended safely at New Barnett.

RESPECTS MONROE DOCTRINE. German Chancellor Denies Having Political Designs on South America.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, Sept. 17.-Chancellor von Buelow is quoted as declaring in an interview with the Berlin correspondent of a Brazilian newspaper that it is not true that Germany is promoting emigration to Brazil in orde to create a German imperial movement in that country. In point of fact, the Chancellor says, Germany is not promoting any emigration, since the needs of the army and of agriculture forbid such a course. He expects that the German colonists while not forgetting their fatherland or

their native tongue, will prove to be good citizens of Brazil. He concluded: "We have no political aspirations in the New World, but we naturally seek a share of the South American market for our indus-

ARCHITECT C. G. POST ACCUSED. Porto Rican Commissioner of Education Demands His Removal.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. SAN JUAN, P. R., Sept. 17.—The resignation of C. G. Post of New York, supervising architect of schools, has been demanded by Commissioner Lindsay of the Department of Education on the ground that he has personal relations with the contractors and has been using the official

nspectors for private enterprises. The charges appear to be disproved by the personal and professional standing of Mr. Post. An investigation will be made

BIG DEAL IN BROADWAY REALTY Audubon at 39th Street Sold for

\$750,000 Bought for a Rise. The Audubon apartment house, at the northeast corner of Broadway and Thirtyninth street, figured yesterday in the most important realty transaction that has been made public this summer. It was bought for about \$750,000 by the Royal Realty Company, through Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., from Mrs. Matilda W. Brower, who was represented by John A. Osborne.

The Audubon is a seven-story building a plot of 7,500 square feet. It was the largest property on the market in Broad-way, between Twenty-third and Forty-second streets, and its sale leaves only two corners there on which owners are

to quote a price.

The Royal Realty Company is controlled by Bradford Rhodes, George W. Godward, Clarence W. Gaylor and Albert E. Thomp-Clarence W. Gaylor and Albert E. Thompson. The purchase was made for speculation and the property will be held for a rise. The building was for many years the Oriental Hotel. It was leased in May, 1896, for ten years, to Park & Tilford, who occupy the store and sublet the six upper floors in apartments. They spent \$117,000 in remodelling the premises, and pay in rent \$25,000 a year. Their income from the apartments, which has increased greatly, is now ments, which has increased greatly, is now \$30,000 a year.

Road Agents Take \$500 From a Canadian THREE RIVERS, Quebec, Sept. 17 .- E Gauthier, while driving to this city yesterday, was held up by three masked highwaymen and robbed of \$500, the property of the St. Alexis cheese factory. A posse of police and citizens is after the high-

CLYDE FITCH INJURED. Glass From a Broken Skylight Lands

His Head at a Rehearsal. Clyde Fitch, the dramatist, was directing a rehearsal of "Her Own Way" at the Garrick Theatre yesterday morning when ne met with an accident. He had a number of children on the stage and was putting them through their paces when something

happened to the skylight over the stage There was a shower of glass and a scattering of juvenile actresses. One piece of glass hit Mr. Fitch on the head, inflicting a painful wound, which bled profusely. A doctor was called. After the cut was dressed the rehearsal was put off.

The Garrick Theatre seems to be as Kastoria and massacred the population, unfortunate place for Mr. Fitch. While alighting from his carriage in front of the theatre last year to hold a rehearsal of "The Stubbornness of Geraldine" he slipped and sprained a leg.

LOST AT THE BREAKWATER.

Five More Lives Known to Have Been Lost -Ten Men Also Missing.

LEWES, Del., Sept. 17.-The worst wreck in the harbor by yesterday's hurricans is that of the New London schooner Hattie A. Marsh. With her went down her cap-tain, J. B. Mebuffey of Boston and Seamen Joseph and Harry Joyce, Charles Smith and Joe Olsen. Many seamen were injured in the hurricane. Seaman Andrew Smith of the bark Oloway was brought ashore minus one foot, which had been caught in the lee rail.

The tugboat Somers N. Smith saved the foundering bark Essex, bound for Philadelphia from Savannah. The fishing chooners Vincent of Anglesea and Irene of Atlantic City are believed to have sunk with their crews of five men each.

Capt. Gillingham of the Queen Carolina reports the sea strewn with wreckage. He noticed men's clothing, battered yawls and cabin furniture afloat everywhere between Cape May and the Delaware Breakwater.

TRAIN LOST ON 10-MILE RUN. Fears That It May Have Gone Into Grassy

Bay Through a Trestle. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 17 .- The Brigantine Life Saving Station reported ate to-night that the train which left Brigantine Junction at 5:30 for a ten-mile run to Brigantine Beach had not arrived, and that friends of people who were expected on the train were worried over its on-appearance.

No further information can be gathered concerning the matter, as the wires are still in a bad state. The missing train is the only one on the road which connects the main line with the hotel on Brigantine Beach and runs through a country which is in some places entirely deserted.

Part of the run is across a trestle over Grassy Bay, a shallow but extensive body of water, and there are fears that something may have happened to the train there. A searching party on handcars is to make a search for the missing train.

LAMAR'S TRIAL POSTPONED.

Prosecutor Says He Isn't Ready-Bellef That Case May Be Dropped. FREEHOLD, N. J., Sept. 17.—The Lamar-McMahon assault case, which was down or trial to-day, was postponed indefinitely on the motion of Prosecutor Foster.

asked for the reason for his action, he said: "I was not fully prepared to move the case. There were six indictments found and two of the indicted men have not yet been arraigned. The case will be tried

probably early in the October term." An impression is abroad in the county that the case will be adjourned from time to time and finally dropped. The prosecutor denied that there was any foundation for

EXILE NOTICE A JOKE. legroes Ordered Out of Sour Lake, Tex.

-Citizens Aroused for a Time. NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 17. - Notices posted at Sour Lake, the new oil town of Texas, purporting to be signed by a white committee, ordered all negroes to leave the town immediately. The negroes were frightened, and many of them left. Judge Peet swore in a large number of extra deputies to keep the peace, and had the promise of law abiding citizens to support him in suppressing any violence. An investigation disclosed that the noices were posted by a practical joker.

BUYING POPOCATAPETL. American Syndicate Pays First Installment

for Volcano. MEXICO CITY, Sept. 17 .- Gen. Sanchez Ochea has just received from the American syndicate which has purchased from him Popocatapetl volcano the first installment of the purchase price, amounting to \$100,000. Capt. Charles Holt, the representative of the syndicate, has started for New York to arrange the plans for the sulphur mining and other enterprises which the syndicate

is to establish.

IS HE LONDON EMBEZZLER? Man Arrested in Toronto as Anthony Howe,

Accused of Stealing \$350,000. TORONTO, Sept. 17.—Albert P. S. Prescott was arrested here to-day while in a broker's office arranging to go into partnership in the stock brokerage business. He is supposed to be Anthony Stanley Howe of London, England, who is charged with using fraudulently \$350,000 belonging to the Great Fingall Consolidated Limited, of which concern he was secretary.

CARRIED SICK MAN 30 MILES. Remarkable Task Which a Mining Man'

Mexican Servant Performed. GUADALAJARA, Mexico, Sept. 17.-James Howard, one of the best known American mining men in Mexico, was taken with fever in the mountains southwest of here. His faithful Mexican servant placed him on an improvised litter and carried him over the mountains for a distance of fifty miles to Ameca, arriving at that place yesterday. Howard will recover.

Fred S. Gibbs Still Improving

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 17.—Ex-Sen ator Fred S. Gibbs has retained all the office and thus formally accepted exclusion ground he gained yesterday. After a good from my political programme of so impornight's rest his condition continued im- tant a part of it. return to New York before Oct. 10.

CHAMBERLAIN IS OUT

Leaves the Ministry to Fight for His Policy,

AND BALFOUR HOPES HE'LL WIN.

Ritchie and Lord George Hamilton Resign, Too.

Dutspoken Letters Exchanged by Chamberiain and the Prime Minister-They Agree That the British People Will Not New Stand for a Food Tax-Proferential Tariff for the Colonies Not on Government Programme Other Parts of Chamberlain's Programme Adopted—His Son Will Keep Office.

Special Cable Despatch to Tan Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 17.- The following an-

ouncement, which puts a sensational and unexpected end to the conflicting speculations of the last few days, was issued from the Prime Minister's official residence to-night: "10 DOWNING STREET. "The following Ministers have tendered

their resignations, which have been accepted by the King: The Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, M. P.; the Right Hon. C. T. Ritchie, M. P., and the Right Hon. Lord George Hamilton, M. P."

At the same time that this brief statement was issued, the following correspondence between Mr. Chamberlain and Prime Minister Balfour was given out: HIGHBURY, BIRMINGHAM, Sept. 9.

MY DEAR BALFOUR: In anticipation of the important Cabinet which is to meet Monday, I have most carefully considered the present situation as it affects the Government and also the great question of fiscal reform. When you, in replying to a deputation on the corn tax, and I, in addressing my

constituents at Birmingham, called atten-

tion to the changes that had taken place in our commercial position during the last fifty years and suggested an inquiry into the subjects, I do not think that either of us intended to provoke a purely party controversy. We raised, not for the first time, a question of the greatest national imperial importance, in the hope that it would be discussed with a certain impartiality by both its friends and opponents, and that the in-

quiry thus initiated might lead to conclu-

sions that would be accepted by the ma-

jority of the people of this country and represented accordingly in the results of he next general election. Whether our view was reasonable or not it was certainly not shared by the leaders of the Liberal party. From the first they scouted the idea that a system which was generally accepted in 1846 could possibly require any modification in 1903, and the whole resources of the party organization were brought to play against any attempt

to alter or even to inquire into the foundaions of our existing fiscal Meanwhile the advocates of reconsideration were at a great disadvantage, owing to the admitted differences of opinion in the Unionist party. The political organizations of the party were paralyzed, and our opponents have had full possession of the

They have placed in the forefront of their arguments their objections to the taxation of food and even to any readjustment of existing taxation, with a view of securing mutual advantage to ourselves and our colonies and a closer union of the different parts of the empire.

A somewhat unscrupulous use has been made of the old cry of the dear loaf, and, in the absence of any full public discussion, I recognize that serious prejudice has been created and that while the people generally are alive to the danger of unrestricted competition on the part of those foreign countries which close their markets to us while finding in our market an outlet for their surplus production, they have not yet appreciated the importance to our trade of colonial markets, nor the danger of losing them if we do not meet in some way their natural patriotic desire for pref-

erential trade. The result is that for the present, at any rate, a preferential agreement with our colonies involving any new duties, however small, on articles of food which have hitherto not been taxed is, even if accompanied by a reduction of taxation of other articles of food of equally universal consumption, unacceptable to the majority in the con-

stituencies. However much we may regret their decision and however mistaken we may think it to be, no Government in a democratic country can ignore it

I feel, therefore, that as an immediate and practical policy the question of preference to the Colonies cannot be pressed with any hope of success at the present time, although there is a very strong feeling in favor of the other branch of fiscal reform which would give fuller discretion to the Government in negotiating with foreign countries for a freer exchange of commodities and would enable our representatives to retaliate if no concession were made to our just claims for greater reci-

procity. If, as I believe, you share these views, it seems to me that you will be absolutely justified in adopting them as the policy of your Government, although it will necessarily involve some changes in its con-

As Secretary of State for the Colonies during the last eight years, I have been in a special sense the representative of a policy of closer union, which I firmly believe is equally necessary in the interests of the Colonies and ourselves, and I believe that it is possible to-day and may be impossible to-morrow to make arrangements for such a union. I had unexampled opportunities of watching the trend of events and of appreciating the feelings of

I stand, therefore, in a different position to that of any of my colleagues, and I think I should justly be blamed if I remained in

our kinsmen beyond the seas

proved to-day. To-night his physicians said I think that with absolute loyalty to your that Mr. Gibbs was doing nicely and was Government and its general policy and with even more comfortable than yesterday. no fear of embarrassing it in any way, I Hopes are still entertained that he may can best promote the cause I have at heart